

Are You Ready to Manage Your Health Plan Costs?

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August 29, 2012



Pioneering Specialists in Group Health Care Post-Payment Administration for 25 Years Unblemished track record – no HIPAA violations or employee issues

- First with 100% claim audits
- Introduced the use of claim audits for recovery
- Originated linking of enrollment reconciliation with claim audits
- Started dependent eligibility audits 15 years ago
- Revolutionized data intake with payer-defined data always successful
- Re-defining competitive bidding
- Extending control of data to self-funded plans of all sizes
- Putting meaning into fiduciary oversight via Routine Plan Monitoring



- Based on my experience, most employers and plan fiduciaries are not ready.
- Almost all want to many try but few sustain the effort required to manage health plan costs.

WHY?

Because they were not prepared.



- Think of the challenge as an expedition a mining expedition – a data mining expedition.
- You know "there's gold in them there hills."
- Knowing it's there is one thing. Getting to it is another.



- Would you embark on any major expedition without first making proper preparations?
- Yet that is what many self-funded plan managers do.



- CFO.com has commissioned Health Decisions to develop benchmarking tools for self-funded plans.
- By measuring a series of (hopefully) simple questions, CFOs and others can assess their readiness to manage their self-funded health plan costs.
- Subsequent tools will compare experiences and results from their "mining expeditions."



 This webinar presents the current content of that tool.

 If you – or others you know – are interested in being part of the CFO.com benchmark tool testing, we welcome that interest.



Step 1: Is the journey worth it?

Before embarking on a journey you want to be sure it's worth going.

Checkpoint #1 uses your best estimate of:

- Number of employees
- Number of retirees
- Estimated dollars of profit per unit of pricing.

With these three numbers we can calculate:

- The level of savings you can expect
- What amount of new "production" that represents.

If the amounts are too paltry, stop here.

For most, results will underscore the need for the journey.



Step 2: Review the Route You will Travel.

Checkpoint #2 asks five simple questions:

- Employee locations,
- Unions,
- Retiree coverage,
- Number of health plans, and
- Employee relations.

These responses (when combined with size estimates) will identify challenges and opportunities you can expect to encounter along the journey.



Step 3: Who is going on the expedition?

No one takes this journey alone.

Below are "fellow travelers" commonly involved in the journey.

- "C" Suite. Approve direction; provide support; and oversee results.
- Human Resource staff. This member of the party will either be a facilitator or a blocker but they will
 have information needed on the journey.
- Risk Management staff. Not always present but should be invited. Their views can offer a useful perspective.
- Legal: Legal questions will arise on the journey. Does current counsel have needed expertise?
- **IT**: The journey will require access to and use of internal rosters and other non-financial files.
- Internal Audit: If part of the company, they should be included. They are often the CFO's biggest ally in the early stages of the journey.
- Advisors: Every plan has them. Who are they, what do they do and are their fees known to the CFO?
- **Sherpa**: Us Health Decisions. The technical support and data specialists that have taken this journey hundreds of times.
- Other parties you want to include can also be listed.

Checkpoint #3 records your expedition party and their responsibilities.



Step 4: Are you properly equipped for the journey?

Do not leave without copies of contracts.

Make sure all contractual arrangements are available, current, and complete. (benefit, risk, and administration)

- Checkpoint #4 offers a simple matrix to document contracts.
- Gaps in contractual documentation need to be filled.
- The completion of this step assures the ability to understand the legal and contractual status of the group health plan.
- Not knowing this is travelling blind at night.



Step 5: The first fork in the road: self-fund or insure?

One of the most fundamental questions impacting health plan cost control is whether the plan is insured or self-funded.

Insured plans have very short journeys with a few stops.

Self-funded plans will each define their own journey and its duration.

Checkpoint #5 offers a series of five paired statements that score which way you lean on this question.



Step 6: Do you have the data provisions needed for the journey?

- Enrollment and claims data are like the food and water you consume on a journey – without them you won't get far.
- Checkpoint #6 offers a simple multiple-choice tool that lets you (and other team members) characterize:
 - Their current access to data.
 - The plan administrator's level of data transparency.



Step 7: Is your eligibility-enrollment-entitlement bridge in place?

- These plan functions are part of every journey.
 - Eligibility: requirements to be met (hours worked or employment status)
 - Enrollment: process to be followed
 - Entitlement: conditions on payment (cost sharing or coverage limits)
- Checkpoint #7 offers a simple multiple-choice tool to let you (and other team members) determine who performs these functions and their current handling.



Step 8: Charting your journey

- Your team has come this far and is ready to begin.
- Step 6 confirmed data access and administrator practices.
- Now those practices need to be put to the test.
- Checkpoint #8 offers a data request template each team can complete and forward to the appropriate parties.
- Responses to this request from the plan administrator can be shared and compared.



Step 9: Where to go first

- The simple matrix on the following slide lets you locate where you think waste, abuse, and fraud will be found.
- Checkpoint #9 compares your views to those from others.
- Differences can help describe unique plan issues or re-orient expectations.
- Actual results can be compared to these expectations.



Examples of Waste, Abuse, and Fraud

	Enrollment	Administration	Provider Billing
Waste	Incorrect, incomplete, or out-of-date facts.	Duplicates or payment after termination.	Double payments, unbundling, up-coding.
Abuse	Manipulating COBRA elections.	Plan rules not approved by the Plan.	Excessive billing increases.
	Benefit use while ineligible.	Incomplete other liable party pursuit (especially Medicare).	Provider contract priorities.
Fraud	Enrolling an ineligible person.	Adding non-contractual fees.	Billing for care that is not needed or not provided.



CFO.com Health Plan Cost Management Journey Invitation to Begin

If you are interested in taking the Health Plan Self-assessment Survey:

- Send an e-mail to <u>Si@healthdecisions.com</u>
- You will receive an e-mail containing a secure link to your Survey that can be completed online.
- Results will be reviewed and compared to other responses as part of a no-cost report you will receive for your participation.



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